

**Explanatory Notes**

All cases (locked and unlocked) admitted to hospital between 01 August 2024 and 31 October 2024 have been included. Only cases where the necessary data are available have been included in the denominator for each individual analysis.

At hospital level, runcharts are compared to hospitals within the same ICB.

The results for process measures for which fewer than 10 cases have available data will not be reported. Instead the value will be marked as 'Insufficient data'.

The NELA standards include a newly updated composite standard for CT Scanning and Reporting. The new standard is composed of three metrics: (1) the proportion of patients who had a CT scan that was reported by senior radiologist (ST3+), (2) the proportion of those reported within an hour or less of the scan, and (3) the proportion of those communicated preoperatively between a senior radiologist (ST3+) and senior surgeon (ST3+) to discuss the CT findings.

*NOTE:* due to changes in database structure, time related metrics may be calculated even if a time (NOT date) stamp is not entered. When time is entered as "00:00" and the "Time not known" box is not ticked, this time-stamp will be used for the standard calculation and may negatively affect reported metrics. We would therefore request that every effort is made to enter the time-stamps for the following variables:

- Date and Time of admission to hospital (Q1.9),
- Date and time of CT scan (Q2.7d),
- Date and time CT scan was reported (Q2.7e),
- Date and time of first dose of antibiotics (Q2.10),
- Date and time arrival in theatre (Q4.1).

For better insight to how these standards have been structured, please refer to the **NELA standards document**.

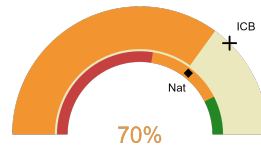


**Wrexham Maelor Hospital**

**2024-25 Reporting Period 5: 01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024**

These plots represent patients having an emergency laparotomy during Year 2024-25 Reporting Period 5 of NELA data collection. This version will be made publicly available via the NELA website. Feedback from participating hospitals is welcome.

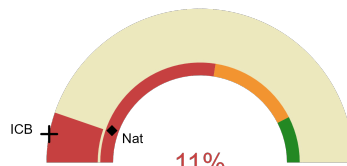
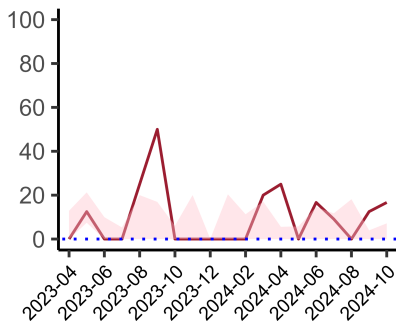
**NELA process and outcome measures**



Estimated case ascertainment  
01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024

**Estimated case ascertainment  
(Based on HES/PEDW Data)**

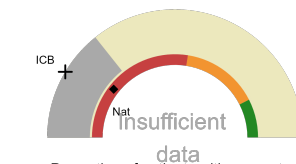
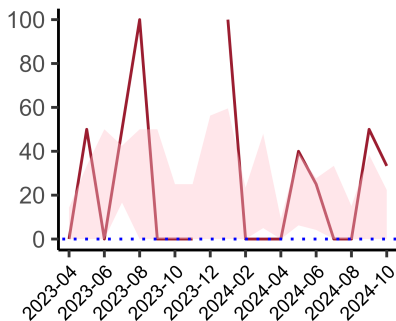
Expected number of cases 30  
Total cases entered 21  
Cases locked 18  
Cases unlocked 3



Proportion of patients who had a CT scan that was reported by a senior radiologist (ST3+) and communicated with the team in the correct time scale before surgery  
01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024

**CT reported by a senior radiologist (ST3+) and communicated with the team in the correct time scale before surgery.**

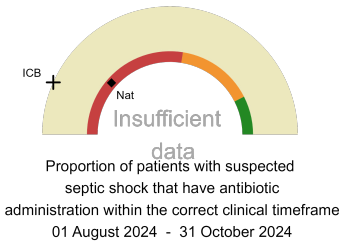
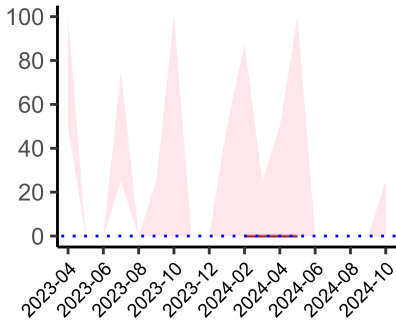
National mean 11%  
ICB mean 6%  
Number of patients included 19  
Data completeness 100%



Proportion of patients with suspected sepsis or infection that have antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe  
01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024

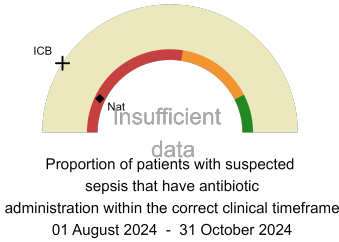
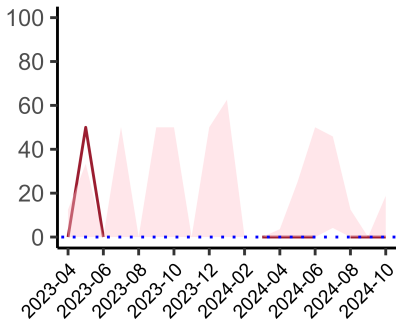
**Combined Infection management standard - antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe**

National mean 21%  
ICB mean 17%  
Number of patients included 7  
Data completeness 88%



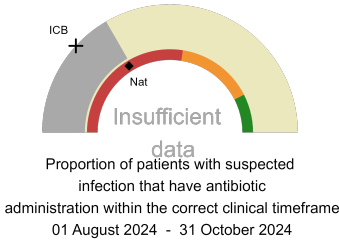
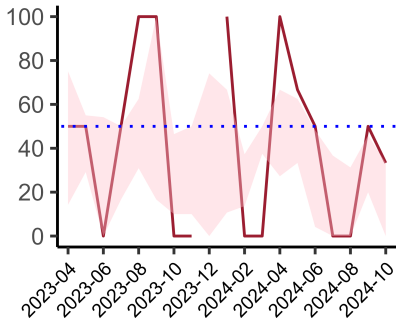
**Septic Shock - antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe**

National mean 23%  
ICB mean 13%  
Number of patients included 0  
Data completeness 0%



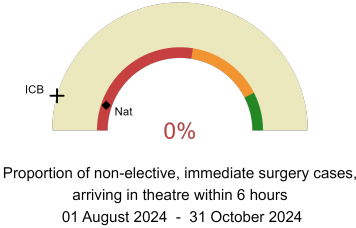
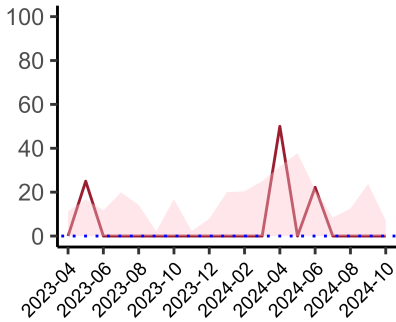
**Sepsis - antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe**

National mean 14%  
ICB mean 18%  
Number of patients included 3  
Data completeness 75%



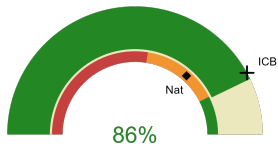
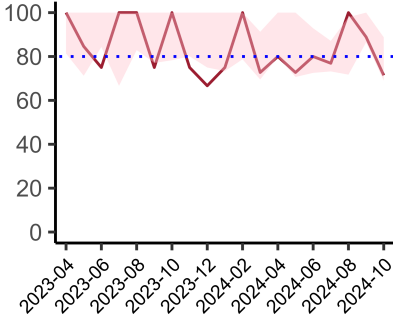
**Infection - antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe**

National mean 32%  
ICB mean 24%  
Number of patients included 6  
Data completeness 86%



**Non-elective, immediate surgery cases, arriving in theatre within 6 hours.**

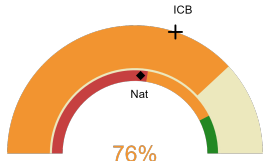
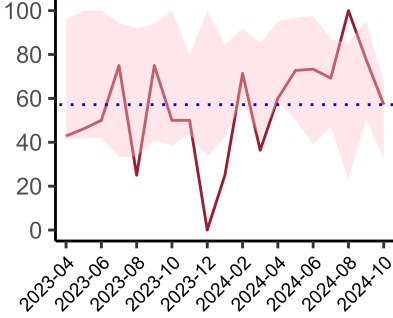
National mean 10%  
ICB mean 9%  
Number of patients included 11  
Data completeness 100%



Risk of death documented before surgery  
01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024

**Risk documented before surgery**

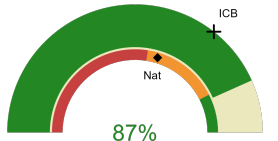
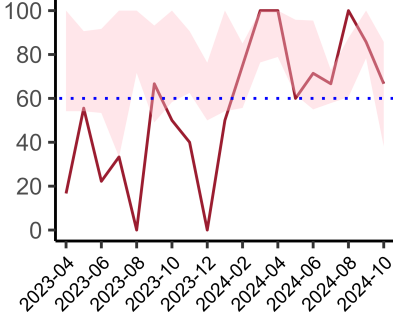
National mean 73%  
ICB mean 84%  
Number of patients included 21  
Data completeness 100%



Risk of death documented after surgery  
01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024

**Risk documented after surgery**

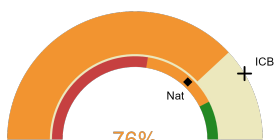
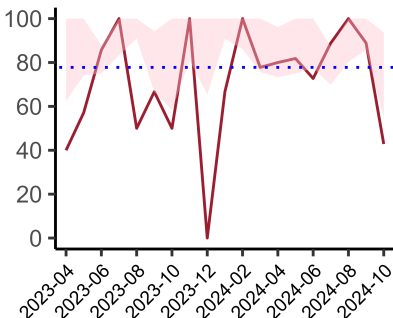
National mean 52%  
ICB mean 60%  
Number of patients included 21  
Data completeness 100%



Admitted to critical care following surgery when the risk of death ≥ 5% (Excludes patients who died in theatre or with a decision to palliate)  
01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024

**Admitted to Critical Care (risk of death ≥ 5%)**

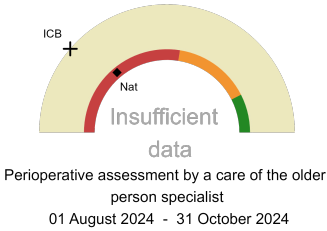
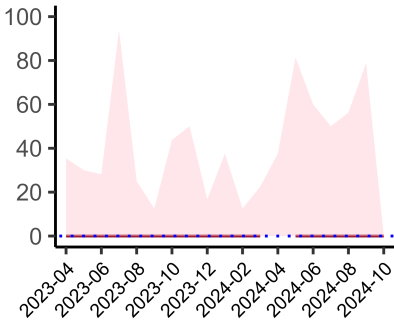
National mean 59%  
ICB mean 71%  
Number of patients included 15  
Data completeness 100%



Consultant surgeon and anaesthetist present in theatre when risk of death ≥ 5%  
01 August 2024 - 31 October 2024

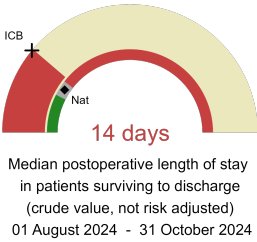
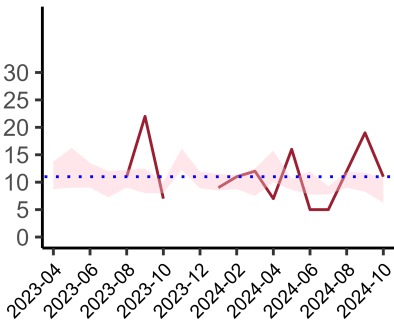
**Consultant Anaesthetist & Consultant Surgeon in theatre (risk of death ≥ 5%)**

National mean 74%  
ICB mean 83%  
Number of patients included 21  
Data completeness 100%



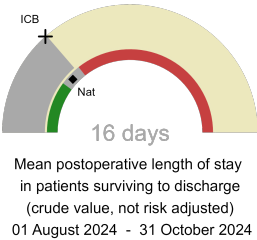
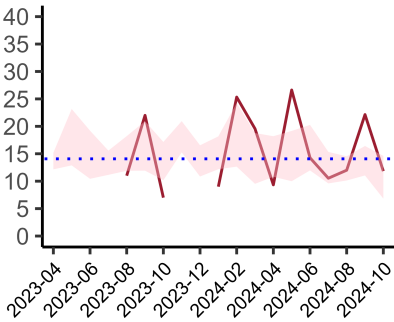
**Perioperative Assessment by a member of the geriatrician-led multidisciplinary team for patient aged 65 or over and frail (CFS ≥ 5) or 80+**

National mean 28%  
ICB mean 23%  
Number of patients included 8  
Data completeness 89%



**Median postoperative length of stay**

National median 11 days  
ICB median 13 days  
Number of patients included 16  
Data completeness 100%



**Mean postoperative length of stay**

National mean 14 days  
ICB mean 16 days  
Number of patients included 16  
Data completeness 100%

**Integrated Care Board**

Wrexham Maelor Hospital is part of the Wales ICB. This comprises Morryston Hospital, Princess of Wales Hospital, Royal Gwent Hospital, Glan Clwyd Hospital, Wrexham Maelor Hospital, Ysbyty Gwynedd Hospital, University Hospital of Wales, Prince Charles Hospital, Royal Glamorgan, Bronlais General Hospital, Glangwili General Hospital, Withybush General Hospital, Grange University Hospital .