

## Explanatory Notes

All cases (locked and unlocked) admitted to hospital between 01 October 2025 and 31 December 2025 have been included. Only cases where the necessary data are available have been included in the denominator for each individual analysis.

At hospital level, runcharts are compared to hospitals within the same ICB.

The results for process measures for which fewer than 10 cases have available data will not be reported. Instead the value will be marked as 'Insufficient data'.

## Mortality

This section defines three key mortality measures for the monthly report. In all cases we include only patients whose surgery-to-discharge interval (Q4.1 - Q7.8) is  $\leq 30$  days, and we exclude any with missing discharge status (Q7.7) or missing dates (Q4.1/Q7.8).

### 1. 30-Day Observed (Crude) Mortality Rate

Let

- $d$  = number of patients who **died** within 30 days of surgery,
- $N$  = total number of patients with known discharge status (alive, died, or still in hospital at 60 days).

Then the crude 30-day mortality rate (as a percentage) is

$$\text{Crude 30-day Mortality Rate} = \frac{d}{N} \times 100.$$

### 2. Standardised Mortality Ratio (SMR)

Let

- $O = d$  = observed deaths within 30 days,
- $E = \sum_i \text{RiskScore}_i$  = sum of individual parsimonious NELA mortality risk scores for all  $N$  patients.

The SMR is

$$\text{SMR} = \frac{O}{E}.$$

### 3. Risk-Adjusted Mortality

Combines the SMR with the **National** 30-day mortality rate for the examined three month period:

$$\text{Risk-Adjusted Mortality} = \text{SMR} \times (\text{National 30-day mortality}) \times 100.$$

For better insight to how these standards have been structured, please refer to the **NELA standards document**.

**Quarterly mean performance**



**Overall performance**



**Risk-adjusted mortality**

Rating boundaries are lower and upper 99.8% and 95% confidence limits



**Non-risk-adjusted measures**

Rating boundaries are lower and upper national quartiles

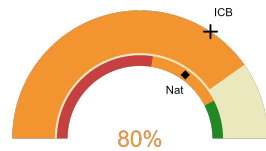


**Queens Medical Centre - Nottingham**

**2025-26 Reporting Period 9: 01 October 2025 - 31 December 2025**

These plots represent patients having an emergency laparotomy during Year 2025-26 Reporting Period 9 of NELA data collection. This version will be made publicly available via the NELA website. Feedback from participating hospitals is welcome.

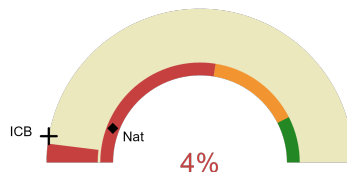
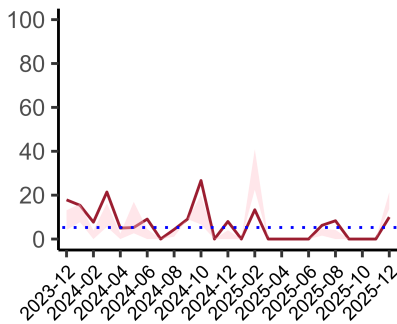
**NELA process and outcome measures**



Estimated case ascertainment  
01 October 2025 - 31 December 2025

**Estimated case ascertainment  
(Based on HES/PEDW Data)**

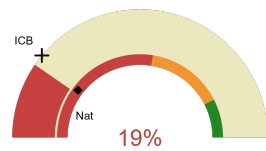
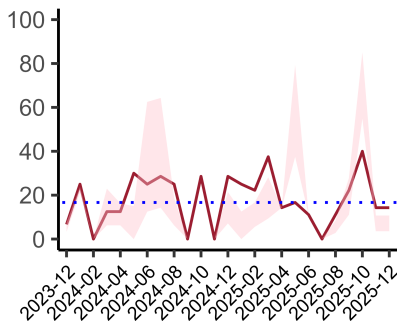
Expected number of cases 87  
Total cases entered 70  
Cases locked 2  
Cases unlocked 68



Proportion of patients who had a CT scan that was reported by a senior radiologist (ST3+) and communicated with the team in the correct time scale before surgery  
01 October 2025 - 31 December 2025

**CT reported by a senior radiologist (ST3+) and communicated with the team in the correct time scale before surgery.**

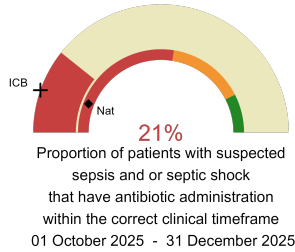
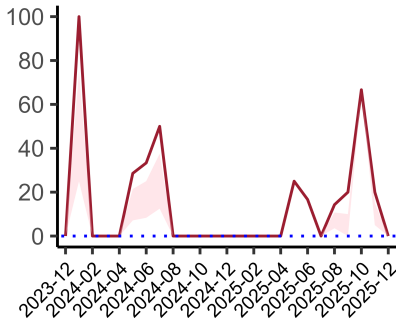
National mean 12%  
ICB mean 5%  
Number of patients included 51  
Data completeness 99%



Proportion of patients with suspected sepsis or infection that have antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe  
01 October 2025 - 31 December 2025

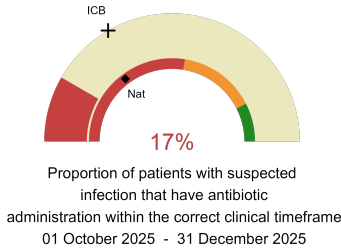
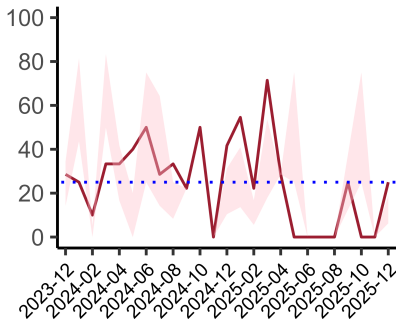
**Combined Infection management standard - antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe**

National mean 21%  
ICB mean 22%  
Number of patients included 26  
Data completeness 72%



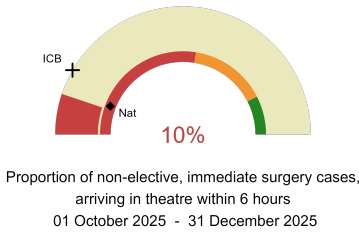
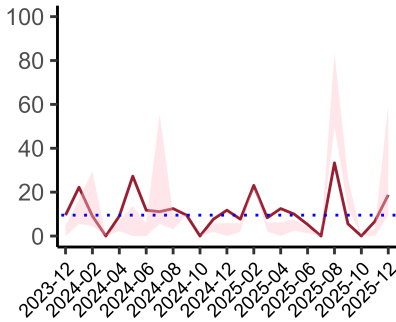
**Sepsis/septic shock - antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe**

National mean 12%  
ICB mean 11%  
Number of patients included 14  
Data completeness 58%



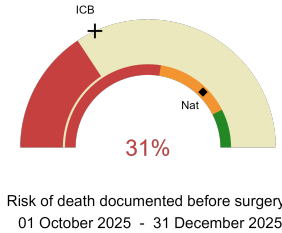
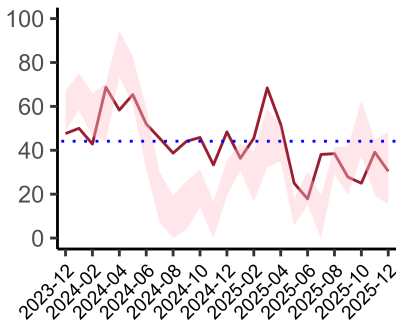
**Infection - antibiotic administration within the correct clinical timeframe**

National mean 30%  
ICB mean 33%  
Number of patients included 12  
Data completeness 33%



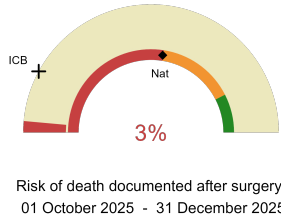
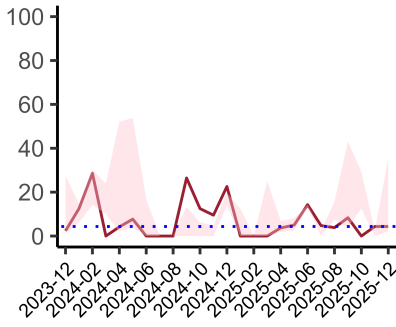
**Non-elective, immediate surgery cases, arriving in theatre within 6 hours.**

National mean 12%  
ICB mean 17%  
Number of patients included 39  
Data completeness 100%



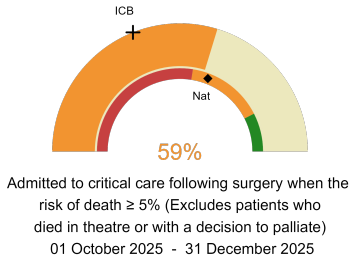
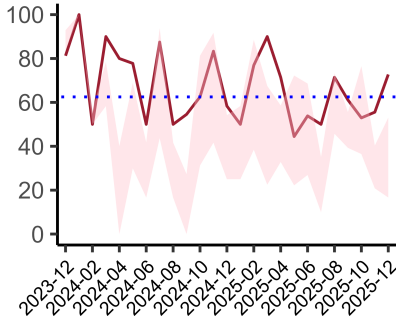
**Risk documented before surgery**

National mean 75%  
ICB mean 36%  
Number of patients included 70  
Data completeness 100%



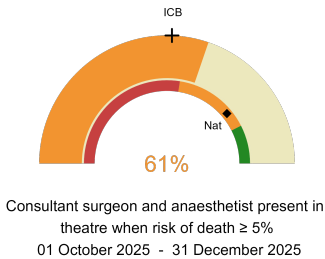
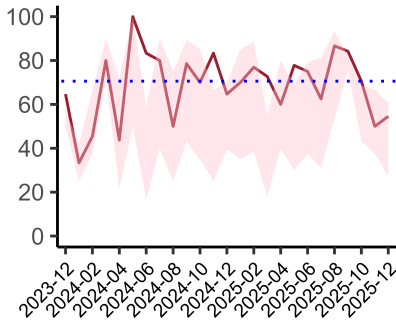
**Risk documented after surgery**

National mean 55%  
ICB mean 16%  
Number of patients included 70  
Data completeness 100%



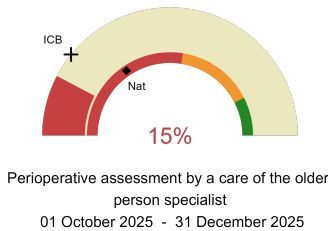
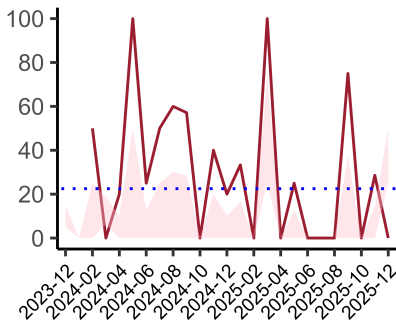
**Admitted to Critical Care (risk of death  $\geq$  5%)**

National mean 62%  
ICB mean 38%  
Number of patients included 37  
Data completeness 100%



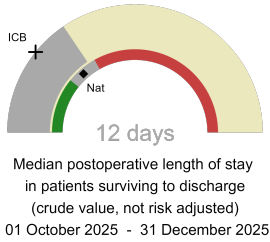
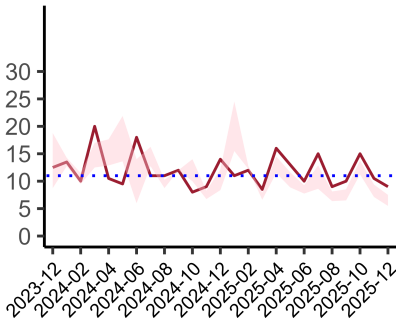
**Consultant Anaesthetist & Consultant Surgeon in theatre (risk of death  $\geq$  5%)**

National mean 78%  
ICB mean 51%  
Number of patients included 38  
Data completeness 56%



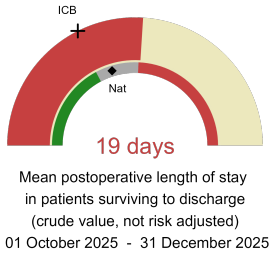
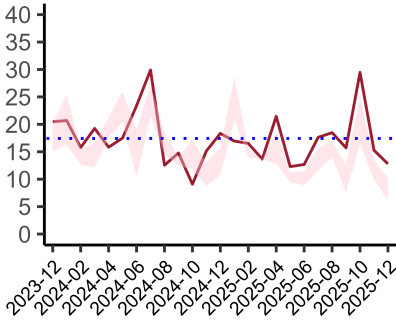
**Perioperative Assessment by a member of the geriatrician-led multidisciplinary team for patient aged 65 or over and frail (CFS  $\geq$  5) or 80+**

National mean 31%  
ICB mean 22%  
Number of patients included 13  
Data completeness 59%



**Median postoperative length of stay**

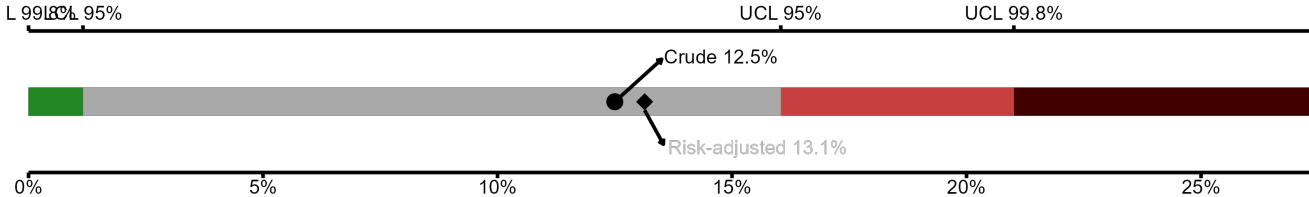
National median 10 days  
ICB median 8 days  
Number of patients included 56  
Data completeness 98%



**Mean postoperative length of stay**

National mean 14 days  
ICB mean 12 days  
Number of patients included 56  
Data completeness 98%

**Risk-Adjusted Mortality**



Number of patients included 64 | 30-day risk-adjusted mortality rate 13.1% | National 30-day mortality rate 8%

**Integrated Care Board**

Queens Medical Centre - Nottingham is part of the NHS Nottingham And Nottinghamshire Integrated Care Board ICB. This comprises Kings Mill Hospital, Nottingham City Hospital, Queens Medical Centre - Nottingham.